

EMBARGOED UNTIL:

Tuesday, July 24, 2007 12:01 EST

CONTACT:

Alexandra Gorman, Women's Voices for the Earth, , 406-396-1639 (cell),

alex@womenandenvironment.org

Ann Blake, Ph.D., Environmental & Public Health Consulting, 510-769-7008,

annblake@comcast.net

Angelina Grab, Making Our Milk Safe, 415-731-1340, akgrab@gmail.com

NEW REPORT REVEALS LINKS BETWEEN CHEMICALS IN CLEANING PRODUCTS TO ASTHMA AND REPRODUCTIVE PROBLEMS

Two California Companies Named as Unwilling to Disclose Potentially Toxic Ingredients

OAKLAND— A new report 'Household Hazards: Potential Hazards of Home Cleaning Products' released today points to mounting evidence that links exposure to chemicals in cleaning products to a rise in health problems, particularly asthma and reproductive harm. A staff scientist with the national women's environmental health group Women's Voices for the Earth (WVE) drew information from over 75 reports and scientific studies, exposing a valid reason for concern about the ingredients in these products. The report highlights the pervasiveness of these health concerns associated with household cleaning products, and the need for companies such as local California companies Sunshine Makers (Simple Green) in Huntington Harbor and the Clorox Company in Oakland to label their products with a list of currently "hidden ingredients" which pose potential risks to human health.

The report's findings support groups like Making Our Milk Safe (MOMS) in Alameda, who are pushing for passage of the national Kids, Worker and Consumer Safe Chemicals Act (S. 1391) co-sponsored by Senator Barbara Boxer (D-CA) to be reintroduced this year, which would reduce children's exposure to hazardous chemicals before and after birth by requiring manufacturers to provide health and safety information prior to distributing a chemical in consumer products and require the EPA to determine the safety of 300 chemicals within the next five years.

"This report will hopefully be a wake up call for our California legislators, who hold the health of our children in their hands," says Angelina Grab, member of MOMS. "I want to know that the products I'm buying in the store are safe. It is my right to know what manufacturers put in their products. It is extremely worrisome that the onus is on the parent to ensure the safety of the products that he or she buys from a manufacturer, rather than the manufacturers themselves. Where is the accountability?"

The report authors sent a letter to 23 major manufacturers of cleaning products including California-based companies Sunshine Makers and the Clorox Company, requesting full disclosure of chemicals of concern to consumers through product labels. While Sunshine Makers did respond to WVE's letter, neither company has indicated a willingness to list these particularly harmful chemicals on product labels. Clorox Company did not respond to WVE. In the [letter](#) WVE states that "individuals affected by conditions such as asthma or allergies often look to avoid substances that may trigger or exacerbate their symptoms. Similarly, women who are pregnant, or trying to get pregnant, take extra precautions to avoid exposures that may impact the development of their child. Individuals with chemical sensitivities or various other diseases are also concerned about controlling their exposures to certain substances."

Some companies have said that they cannot list ingredients due to the risk of divulging trade secrets to their competitors. WVE has stated that food companies have to label ingredients despite their need to

protect "secret recipes," and this system works quite well in alerting shoppers ingredients they wish to avoid, for allergy reasons or otherwise. The group also notes that if company competitors wanted to steal a formula, they could always take it to a laboratory and determine its ingredients, with much greater accuracy than they would get off an ingredients label. "The public good from making this information readily available clearly outweighs the risk to the company," says Alexandra Gorman, Director of Science and Research at WVE.

"It's troubling that these local companies aren't sharing the same values of health and public safety with so many of California's residents," says Dr. Ann Blake an environmental and public health consultant based in Alameda who researched and reviewed the report. "Children are uniquely vulnerable to so many more health risks from toxic exposure. We have laws in place to ensure the safety of our food, drugs and cars, but not the products that are exposed to our kids every day. And we're seeing the results of that lack of action--rising rates of asthma, developmental disabilities and reproductive dysfunction among our children."

The report found that the presence of these chemicals in our daily lives is more pervasive than previously thought, and that children are disproportionately impacted by cleaning chemicals, both at home and at school, being more vulnerable due to underdeveloped immune systems. Infants' exposure can be particularly high because they crawl on the ground, frequently putting their hands in their mouths, transferring chemicals from floor and carpet finishes and cleaners directly into their bodies. Women are also receiving more chemical exposure than men, since they are still doing over 70% of the housework in the average home. The more time women spend at home, the higher their exposure to potentially hazardous cleaning chemicals, such as monoethanolamine (MEA), glycol ethers and benzalkonium chloride.

"Food manufacturers have to list ingredients, so why shouldn't cleaning product manufacturers? These chemicals also go into our body via our skin and our lungs. The Made in the USA label is not enough to give us confidence that our children's health is being protected. The standards for full disclosure of ingredients should be the same, whether a product is made in the U.S. or is made in China," said Gorman, referring to scandals around toothpaste, pet food and other products made in China.

State, county and city governments have paid increasing attention to this issue, and many have developed purchasing regulations for use in public buildings, which specify changes to milder cleaning products for daily maintenance and avoiding products that are flammable, corrosive or highly toxic. A list of government regulations and guidelines, including California's, can be [found here](#).

Many consumers are already taking action to prevent overexposure to potentially toxic chemicals in their home. Some of the tips offered in the report include avoiding products that contain these chemicals of concern, using fewer products, buying products that disclose their ingredients, and never mixing products.

The release of 'Household Hazards' signifies the launch of a new national initiative by Women's Voices for the Earth to tackle the rising incidence of chronic diseases among women and children linked with exposure to chemicals in consumer products. WVE's campaign will call on major manufacturers of common household cleaning products to help protect public health by disclosing and ultimately removing hazardous ingredients from their products.

To download a copy of the report, please visit www.womenandenvironment.org on July 24. To receive a contact list of scientists who have reviewed the report, organizations working to "green" the cleaning products industry, and concerned mothers, housecleaners and others in different states across the country, please contact Alexandra Gorman at Women's Voices for the Earth, 406-396-1639, alex@womenandenvironment.org.

###